appropriated to carry out this Act for any fiscal year.

(b) 50 PERCENT MATCH.—The Federal share of the cost of activities carried out using any assistance or grant under this Act shall not exceed 50 percent.

The title was amended so as to read: "To establish the Lackawanna Valley National Heritage Area and for other purposes."

## CORINTH BATTLEFIELD PRESERVATION ACT OF 1999

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 1117) to establish the Corinth Unit of Shiloh National Military Park, in the vicinity of the city of Corinth, Mississippi, and in the State of Tennessee, and for other purposes, which had been reported from the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, with amendments; as follows:

(The parts of the bill intended to be stricken are shown in boldface brackets and the parts of the bill intended to be inserted are shown in italic.)

#### S. 1117

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Corinth Battlefield Preservation Act of 1999".

#### SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- (1) in 1996, Congress authorized the establishment and construction of a center—
- (A) to facilitate the interpretation of the Siege and Battle of Corinth and other Civil War actions in the area in and around the city of Corinth, Mississippi; and
- (B) to enhance public understanding of the significance of the Corinth campaign and the Civil War relative to the western theater of operations, in cooperation with—
  - (i) State or local governmental entities;
  - (ii) private organizations; and
  - (iii) individuals;
- (2) the Corinth Battlefield was ranked as a priority 1 battlefield having critical need for coordinated nationwide action by the year 2000 by the Civil War Sites Advisory Commission in its report on Civil War Battlefields of the United States;
- (3) there is a national interest in protecting and preserving sites of historic significance associated with the Civil War; and
- (4) the States of Mississippi and Tennessee and their respective local units of government—
- (A) have the authority to prevent or minimize adverse uses of these historic resources; and
- (B) can play a significant role in the protection of the historic resources related to the Civil War battles fought in the area in and around the city of Corinth.
- (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—
- (1) to establish the Corinth Unit of the Shiloh National Military Park—
- (A) in the city of Corinth, Mississippi; and
- (B) in the State of Tennessee;
- (2) to direct the Secretary of the Interior to manage, protect, and interpret the resources associated with the Civil War Siege and the Battle of Corinth that occurred in and around the city of Corinth, in cooperation with—
  - (A) the State of Mississippi;
  - (B) the State of Tennessee;
  - (C) the city of Corinth, Mississippi;
  - (D) other public entities; and

- (E) the private sector; and
- (3) to authorize a special resource study to identify other Civil War sites area in and around the city of Corinth that—
- (A) are consistent with the themes of the Siege and Battle of Corinth;
- $(\bar{\mathbf{B}})$  meet the criteria for designation as a unit of the National Park System; and
- (C) are considered appropriate for inclusion in the Unit.

#### SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

- In this Act:
- (1) MAP.—The term "Map" means the map entitled ["Corinth Unit"] "Park Boundary-Corinth Unit", numbered 304/80,007, and dated October 1998.
- (2) PARK.—The term "Park" means the Shiloh National Military Park.
- (3) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior.
- (4) UNIT.—The term "Unit" means the Corinth Unit of Shiloh National Military Park established under section 4.

#### SEC. 4. ESTABLISHMENT OF UNIT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There is established in the States of Mississippi and Tennessee the Corinth Unit of the Shiloh National Military Park.
- (b) COMPOSITION OF UNIT.—The Unit shall be comprised of—
- [(1) the tract consisting of approximately 20 acres generally depicted as "Park Boundary" on the Map, and containing—
  - (A) the Battery Robinett; and
- [(B) the site of the interpretive center authorized under section 602 of the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 (16 U.S.C. 430f-5); and
- (1) the tract consisting of approximately 20 acres generally depicted as "Battery Robinett Boundary" on the Man; and
- (2) any additional land that the Secretary determines to be suitable for inclusion in the Unit that—
- (A) is under the ownership of a public entity or nonprofit organization; and
- (B) has been identified by the Siege and Battle of Corinth National Historic Landmark Study, dated January 8, 1991.
- (c) AVAILABILITY OF MAP.—The Map shall be on file and available for public inspection in the office of the Director of the National Park Service.

## SEC. 5. LAND ACQUISITION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may acquire land and interests in land within the boundary of the Park as depicted on the Map, by—
  - (1) donation;
- (2) purchase with donated or appropriated funds; or
- (3) exchange.
- (b) EXCEPTION.—Land may be acquired only by donation from—
- (1) the State of Mississippi (including a political subdivision of the State);
  (2) the State of Tennessee (including a po-
- (2) the State of Tennessee (including a political subdivision of the State); or
- (3) the organization known as "Friends of the Siege and Battle of Corinth".

#### SEC. 6. PARK MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRA-TION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall administer the Unit in accordance with this Act and the laws generally applicable to units of the National Park System, including.
- (1) the Act entitled "An Act to establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes", approved August 25, 1916 (16 U.S.C. 1 et seq.); and
- (2) the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the preservation of historic American sites, buildings, objects, and antiquities of national significance, and for other purposes", approved August 21, 1935 (16 U.S.C. 461 et seq.).

- (b) DUTIES.—In accordance with section 602 of the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 (16 U.S.C. 430f-5), the Secretary shall—
- (1) commemorate and interpret, for the benefit of visitors and the general public, the Siege and Battle of Corinth and other Civil War actions in the area in and around the city of Corinth within the larger context of the Civil War and American history, including the significance of the Civil War Siege and Battle of Corinth in 1862 in relation to other operations in the western theater of the Civil War; and
- (2) identify and preserve surviving features from the Civil War era in the area in and around the city of Corinth, including both military and civilian themes that include—
  - (A) the role of railroads in the Civil War;
- (B) the story of the Corinth contraband camp; and
- (C) the development of field fortifications as a tactic of war.
  - (c) Cooperative Agreements.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—To carry this Act, the Secretary may enter into cooperative agreements with entities in the public and private sectors, including—
  - (A) colleges and universities;
  - (B) historical societies;
  - (C) State and local agencies; and
  - (D) nonprofit organizations.
- (2) Technical assistance.—To develop cooperative land use strategies and conduct activities that facilitate the conservation of the historic, cultural, natural, and scenic resources of the Unit, the Secretary may provide technical assistance, to the extent that a recipient of technical assistance is engaged in the protection, interpretation, or commemoration of historically significant Civil War resources in the area in and around the city of Corinth, to—
- (A) the State of Mississippi (including a political subdivision of the State);
- (B) the State of Tennessee (including a political subdivision of the State);
  - (C) a governmental entity;
  - (D) a nonprofit organization; and
  - (E) a private property owner.
- (d) RESOURCES OUTSIDE THE UNIT.—Nothing in subsection (c)(2) authorizes the Secretary to own or manage any resource outside the Unit.

# SEC. 7. AUTHORIZATION OF SPECIAL RESOURCE STUDY.

- (a) In General.—To determine whether certain additional properties are appropriate for inclusion in the Unit, the Secretary shall conduct a special resource study of land in and around the city of Corinth, Mississippi, and nearby areas in the State of Tennessee that—
- (1) have a relationship to the Civil War Siege and Battle of Corinth in 1862; and
  - (2) are under the ownership of-
- (A) the State of Mississippi (including a political subdivision of the State);
- (B) the State of Tennessee (including a political subdivision of the State);
  - (C) a nonprofit organization; or
  - (D) a private person.
- (b) CONTENTS OF STUDY.—The study shall—
- (1) identify the full range of resources and historic themes associated with the Civil War Siege and Battle of Corinth in 1862, including the relationship of the campaign to other operations in the western theater of the Civil War that occurred in—
- (A) the area in and around the city of Corinth; and
- (B) the State of Tennessee;
- (2) identify alternatives for preserving features from the Civil War era in the area in and around the city of Corinth, including both military and civilian themes involving—

- (A) the role of the railroad in the Civil
- (B) the story of the Corinth contraband camp; and
- (C) the development of field fortifications as a tactic of war:
- (3) identify potential partners that might support efforts by the Secretary to carry out this Act, including-
- (A) State entities and their political subdivisions:
  - (B) historical societies and commissions;
  - (C) civic groups; and
  - (D) nonprofit organizations;
- (4) identify alternatives to avoid land use conflicts; and
- (5) include cost estimates for any necessary activity associated with the alternatives identified under this subsection, including-
  - (A) acquisition:
  - (B) development;
  - (C) interpretation:
  - (D) operation; and
  - (E) maintenance.
- (c) REPORT -Not later than 1 year and 180 days after the date on which funds are made available to carry out this section, the Secretary shall submit a report describing the findings of the study under subsection (a)
- (1) the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate; and
- (2) the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives.

#### SEC. 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this Act, including \$3,000,000 for the construction of an interpretive center under section 602(d) of title VI of the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 (16 U.S.C. 430f-5(d)).

The committee amendments were agreed to.

The bill (S. 1117), as amended, was passed, as follows:

## S. 1117

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

# SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Corinth Battlefield Preservation Act of 1999".

# SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- (1) in 1996. Congress authorized the establishment and construction of a center-
- (A) to facilitate the interpretation of the Siege and Battle of Corinth and other Civil War actions in the area in and around the city of Corinth, Mississippi: and
- (B) to enhance public understanding of the significance of the Corinth campaign and the Civil War relative to the western theater of operations, in cooperation with-
  - (i) State or local governmental entities:
  - (ii) private organizations; and
  - (iii) individuals;
- (2) the Corinth Battlefield was ranked as a priority 1 battlefield having critical need for coordinated nationwide action by the year 2000 by the Civil War Sites Advisory Commission in its report on Civil War Battlefields of the United States;
- (3) there is a national interest in protecting and preserving sites of historic significance associated with the Civil War; and
- (4) the States of Mississippi and Tennessee and their respective local units of govern-
- (A) have the authority to prevent or minimize adverse uses of these historic resources: and
- (B) can play a significant role in the protection of the historic resources related to

- the Civil War battles fought in the area in and around the city of Corinth.
- (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are-
- (1) to establish the Corinth Unit of the Shiloh National Military Park—
- (A) in the city of Corinth, Mississippi; and (B) in the State of Tennessee:
- (2) to direct the Secretary of the Interior to manage, protect, and interpret the resources associated with the Civil War Siege and the Battle of Corinth that occurred in and around the city of Corinth, in coopera-
  - (A) the State of Mississippi;
  - (B) the State of Tennessee;
  - (C) the city of Corinth, Mississippi;
  - (D) other public entities; and
  - (E) the private sector; and
- (3) to authorize a special resource study to identify other Civil War sites area in and around the city of Corinth that-
- (A) are consistent with the themes of the Siege and Battle of Corinth;
- (B) meet the criteria for designation as a unit of the National Park System; and
- (C) are considered appropriate for inclusion in the Unit.

#### SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act:

tion with-

- (1) MAP.—The term "Map" means the map entitled "Park Boundary-Corinth Unit" numbered 304/80,007, and dated October 1998.
- (2) PARK.—The term "Park" means the Shiloh National Military Park.
- "Secretary" (3) SECRETARY—The term means the Secretary of the Interior.
- (4) UNIT.—The term "Unit" means the Corinth Unit of Shiloh National Military Park established under section 4.

## SEC. 4. ESTABLISHMENT OF UNIT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There is established in the States of Mississippi and Tennessee the Corinth Unit of the Shiloh National Military
- (b) COMPOSITION OF UNIT.—The Unit shall be comprised of-
- (1) the tract consisting of approximately 20"Battery acres generally depicted as "Robinett Boundary" on the Map; and
- (2) any additional land that the Secretary determines to be suitable for inclusion in the Unit that-
- (A) is under the ownership of a public entity or nonprofit organization; and
- (B) has been identified by the Siege and Battle of Corinth National Historic Landmark Study, dated January 8, 1991.
- (c) AVAILABILITY OF MAP.—The Map shall be on file and available for public inspection in the office of the Director of the National Park Service.

# SEC. 5. LAND ACQUISITION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may acquire land and interests in land within the boundary of the Park as depicted on the Map, by-
- (1) donation:
- (2) purchase with donated or appropriated funds: or
  - (3) exchange
- (b) EXCEPTION.—Land may be acquired only by donation from-
- (1) the State of Mississippi (including a political subdivision of the State): (2) the State of Tennessee (including a po-
- litical subdivision of the State); or
- (3) the organization known as "Friends of the Siege and Battle of Corinth".

#### SEC. 6. PARK MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRA-TION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall administer the Unit in accordance with this Act and the laws generally applicable to units of the National Park System, including-
- (1) the Act entitled "An Act to establish a National Park Service, and for other pur-

- poses", approved August 25, 1916 (16 U.S.C. 1 et seq.); and
- (2) the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the preservation of historic American sites, buildings, objects, and antiquities of national significance, and for other purposes" approved August 21, 1935 (16 U.S.C. 461 et seq.).
- (b) DUTIES.—In accordance with section 602 of the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 (16 U.S.C. 430f-5), the Secretary shall-
- (1) commemorate and interpret, for the benefit of visitors and the general public, the Siege and Battle of Corinth and other Civil War actions in the area in and around the city of Corinth within the larger context of the Civil War and American history, including the significance of the Civil War Siege and Battle of Corinth in 1862 in relation to other operations in the western theater of the Civil War: and
- (2) identify and preserve surviving features from the Civil War era in the area in and around the city of Corinth, including both military and civilian themes that include-
- (A) the role of railroads in the Civil War;
- (B) the story of the Corinth contraband camp; and
- (C) the development of field fortifications as a tactic of war.
  - (c) Cooperative Agreements.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—To carry this Act, the Secretary may enter into cooperative agreements with entities in the public and private sectors, including-
  - (A) colleges and universities;
  - (B) historical societies;
  - (C) State and local agencies; and
  - (D) nonprofit organizations.
- (2) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—To develop cooperative land use strategies and conduct activities that facilitate the conservation of the historic, cultural, natural, and scenic resources of the Unit, the Secretary may provide technical assistance, to the extent that a recipient of technical assistance is engaged in the protection, interpretation, or commemoration of historically significant Civil War resources in the area in and around the city of Corinth, to-
- (A) the State of Mississippi (including a political subdivision of the State);
- (B) the State of Tennessee (including a political subdivision of the State):
  - (C) a governmental entity:
  - (D) a nonprofit organization; and
  - (E) a private property owner.
- (d) RESOURCES OUTSIDE THE UNIT.—Nothing in subsection (c)(2) authorizes the Secretary to own or manage any resource outside the Unit.

#### SEC. 7. AUTHORIZATION OF SPECIAL RESOURCE STUDY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—To determine whether certain additional properties are appropriate for inclusion in the Unit, the Secretary shall conduct a special resource study of land in and around the city of Corinth, Mississippi, and nearby areas in the State of Tennessee that-
- (1) have a relationship to the Civil War Siege and Battle of Corinth in 1862; and
  - (2) are under the ownership of-
- (A) the State of Mississippi (including a political subdivision of the State);
- (B) the State of Tennessee (including a political subdivision of the State);
  - (C) a nonprofit organization; or
  - (D) a private person.
  - (b) CONTENTS OF STUDY.—The study shall-
- (1) identify the full range of resources and historic themes associated with the Civil War Siege and Battle of Corinth in 1862, including the relationship of the campaign to other operations in the western theater of the Civil War that occurred in-

- (A) the area in and around the city of Cor-
- (B) the State of Tennessee;
- (2) identify alternatives for preserving features from the Civil War era in the area in and around the city of Corinth, including both military and civilian themes involving-
- (A) the role of the railroad in the Civil War:
- (B) the story of the Corinth contraband camp; and
- (C) the development of field fortifications as a tactic of war;
- (3) identify potential partners that might support efforts by the Secretary to carry out this Act, including-
- (A) State entities and their political subdivisions:
  - (B) historical societies and commissions;
  - (C) civic groups; and
  - (D) nonprofit organizations:
- (4) identify alternatives to avoid land use conflicts: and
- (5) include cost estimates for any necessary activity associated with the alternatives identified under this subsection, including-
  - (A) acquisition;
  - (B) development;
  - (C) interpretation; (D) operation; and

  - (E) maintenance.
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year and 180 days after the date on which funds are made available to carry out this section, the Secretary shall submit a report describing the findings of the study under subsection (a)
- (1) the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate; and
- (2) the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives.

### SEC. 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this Act, including \$3,000,000 for the construction of an interpretive center under section 602(d) of title VI of the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 (16 U.S.C.

## GETTYSBURG NATIONAL MILITARY PARK

The bill (S. 1324) to expand the boundaries of the Gettysburg National Military Park to include the Wills House, and for other purposes, was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed: as follows:

## S. 1324

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### SECTION 1. GETTYSBURG NATIONAL MILITARY PARK BOUNDARY REVISION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act to revise the boundary of the Gettysburg National Military Park in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and for other purposes" approved August 17, 1990 (16 U.S.C. 430g-4) is amended-
- (1) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c);
- (2) by inserting after subsection (a) the following:
- "(b) ADDITIONAL LAND .- In addition to the land identified in subsection (a), the park shall also include the property commonly known as the Wills House located in the Borough of Gettysburg and identified as Tract P02-1 on the map entitled 'Gettysburg National Military Park' numbered MARO 305/

- 80,011 Segment 2, and dated April 1981, revised May 14, 1999."; and
- (3) in subsection (c) (as redesignated by paragraph (1)), by striking "map referred to in subsection (a)" and inserting "maps referred to in subsections (a) and (b)"

#### SEC. 2. ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL OF LAND.

Section 2 of the Act entitled "An Act to revise the boundary of the Gettysburg National Military Park in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and for other purposes" approved August 17, 1990 (16 U.S.C. 430g-4) is amended by striking "1(b)" each place it appears and inserting "1(c)".

## HOOVER DAM MISCELLANEOUS SALES ACT

The bill (S. 1275) to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to produce and sell products and to sell publications relating to the Hoover Dam, and to deposit revenues generated from the sales into the Colorado River Dam fund, was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed; as follows:

#### S. 1275

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Revresentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Hoover Dam Miscellaneous Sales Act".

#### SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

Congress finds that-

- (1) the sale and distribution of general public information about the use of public land and water areas for recreation, fish, wildlife. and other purposes serve significant public benefits:
- (2) publications and other materials educate the public and provide general information about Bureau of Reclamation programs and projects:
- (3) in 1997, more than 1,000,000 visitors, including 300,000 from foreign countries, toured the Hoover Dam;
- (4) hundreds of thousands of additional visitors stopped to view the dam;
- (5) visitors often ask to purchase maps, publications, and other items to enhance their experience or serve educational pur-
- (6) in many cases the Bureau of Reclamation is the sole source of those items;
- (7) the Bureau is in a unique position to fulfill public requests for those items; and
- (8) as a public agency, the Bureau should be responsive to the public by having appropriate items available for sale.

## SEC. 3. PURPOSES.

The purposes of this Act are-

- (1) to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to offer for sale to members of the public that visit the Hoover Dam Visitor Center educational materials and memorabilia; and
- (2) to use revenue from those sales to repay the costs relating to construction of the Hoover Dam Visitor Center.

# SEC. 4. AUTHORITY TO CONDUCT SALES.

With respect to the Hoover Dam, the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Commissioner of Reclamation, may-

(1) conduct sales of-

- (A) materials generated by the Bureau of Reclamation such as posters, maps, brochures, photographs, and similar publications, videotapes, and computer information discs that are related to programs or projects of the Bureau; and
- (B) memorabilia and other commemorative items that depict programs or projects of the Bureau:

- (2) convert unneeded property or scrap material into Bureau memorabilia for sale pur-
- (3) enter into agreements with nonprofit organizations, other Federal agencies, State and local governments, and commercial enti-
- (A) the production or sale of items described in paragraphs (1) and (2); and
- (B) the sale of publications described in paragraph (1).

#### SEC. 5. COSTS AND REVENUES.

- (a) Costs.—All costs incurred by the Bureau of Reclamation under this Act shall be paid from the Colorado River Dam fund established by section 2 of the Act of December 21. 1928 (43 U.S.C. 617a)
  - (b) REVENUES.-
- (1) USE FOR REPAYMENT OF SALES COSTS.— All revenues collected by the Bureau of Reclamation under this Act shall be credited to the Colorado River Dam fund to remain available, without further Act of appropriation, to pay costs associated with the production and sale of items in accordance with section 4
- (2) Use for repayment of construction costs.—All revenues collected by the Bureau of Reclamation under this Act that are not needed to pay costs described in paragraph (1) shall be transferred annually to the general fund of the Treasury in repayment of costs relating to construction of the Hoover Dam Visitor Center.

## FORT PECK RESERVATION RURAL WATER SYSTEM ACT OF 1999

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 624) to authorize construction of the Fort Peck Reservation Rural Water System in the State of Montana, and for other purposes, which had been reported from the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, with an amendment to strike all after the enacting clause and inserting in lie thereof the following:

## SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Fort Peck Reservation Rural Water System Act of 1999".

## SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- (1) there are insufficient water supplies available to residents of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation in the State of Montana, and the water systems that are available do not meet minimum health and safety standards and therefore pose a threat to public health and safety;
- (2) in carrying out its trust responsibility, the United States should ensure that adequate and safe water supplies are available to meet the economic, environmental, water supply, and public health needs of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation: and
- (3) the best available, reliable, and safe rural and municipal water supply to serve the needs of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation is the Missouri River.
- (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this Act are-(1) to ensure a safe and adequate municipal, rural, and industrial water supply for the residents of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation in the
- State of Montana; and (2) to assist the citizens of Roosevelt, Sheridan, Daniels, and Valley Counties in the State, outside the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, in developing safe and adequate municipal, rural, and industrial water supplies.

### SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act:

(1) Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water Sys-TEM.—The term "Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System" means the rural water system within the Fort Peck Indian Reservation authorized by section 4.